Assessing Barriers and Potential Drivers to Adoption of Water Re-use in the UK

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The Problem

Suggestion – conflicting standards and codes in UK present a barrier to take up of water re-use systems.

(Example: greywater use in washing machines – allowed in Germany, not in UK)

Scope of Project

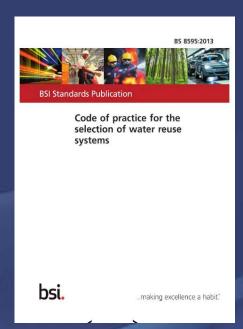
- Initial mapping exercise identifying standards & codes.
- Explain their logic and suggest changes.
- Deliver a concise re-use guide identifying big issues.
- Make recommendations light touch and more radical.

Methodology



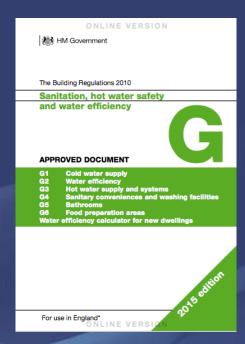
Findings – British Standards

- BS 8515, 8525-1, 8525-2, 8595.
- BS 8595 covers scope of reuse systems.
 - ie: toilet flushing, garden watering & clothes washing machines.
- Further BS EN standard in development (?)



Findings – Building Regulations

- Part G1 covers cold water supply.
- Allows water re-use but risk assessment required.
- Part G2 covers water efficiency.
- Refers to re-use but need for complex water efficiency calculation.



- If no re-use use 'fittings approach'
 - v exercise.

Findings – Water Industry guide

- Alternative water supplies fluid category 5 risk.
 - a serious health risk.
- Systems require cat 5 protection.
 - ie: air gap /pipe interrupter.



Outcomes Discussion

- No confirmation of conflict or barriers to water re-use.
- BS focus on re-use systems, not applications or end uses.
- Four separate BS can confuse. New EN standard?
- Suggestion Any differences across EU down to water regulations.

Findings – Other Factors

- Lack of understanding of greywater & RWH systems.
- Ensuring systems safe now and in future.
- Reliability issues and maintenance.
- No drive from new homebuyers.
- House builders see no benefit in providing.
- Scarcity of information on benefits ££ and payback.

Findings – Other Factors







Specific question – washing machines

Consulted

- AMDEA.
- Miele.

The AllWater system.

- separate mains & alternative inlets.
- n/a in UK.
- WRAS 'health' warning.



Further Factors

- Change in UK marketplace for AWS.
 - Small domestic -> community or commercial.
 - More viable in combination with SuDS.
- Availability of existing infrastructure a driver for community systems.
 - benefits risk reduction from competent operator.
- Introduction of Water Retail Market for non-households from April 2017.

Conclusions



Conclusions

Reasons for limited take up:

- Building Regulations part G2.
- Water Regulations
 - prevent contamination / protect public health.
- Understanding.
- Desire.
- Costs and payback.
- Complexity & risk of failure.

Recommendations – lighter touch

- Developers perceptions?
- Different drivers UK cf Germany.
- Actual cost savings.
- Community re-use systems.
- Non-household re-use systems.
- Supportive case studies.

Recommendations – regulatory interventions

- Building Regulations water efficiency calculation – remove.
- Building Regulations promote re-use.
- New developments integrate re-use and sustainable drainage systems.
- Promote through sustainability agendas and UK governments' Water Strategies.

Thank you Questions?

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